# Alma 30–31: Alma, Korihor & Zoramites

Monte F. Shelley

#### Quotes

- If marriage were outlawed, only outlaws would have in-laws.
- Cannibals don't eat clowns because they taste funny.
- Children seldom misquote you. In fact, they usually repeat word for word what you shouldn't have said.
- Sometimes we must fall on our back before we will look up.
- We are not held back by the love we didn't receive in the past, but by the love we're not extending in the present. (Marianne Williamson, *A Return to Love*)

# 1. Lucky Guesses

• *Jershon* is the land which we will give unto our brethren for an inheritance. (27:22)

*Jershon* appears to be derived from the Hebrew root (yrö) meaning "to inherit."

• *Ram*eumptom, which, being interpreted, is the holy stand (31:21) A standing place high above the head for only one at a time. *Ram* in all Semitic languages means *high* or *high place*.

## 2. What does "Anti-" mean?

a. Anti-Christ

# b. Anti-Nephi-Lehi

Anti-Nephi-Lehi: brother of Lamoni. The name is perhaps his throne name (Jac 1:11) when he became leader of the Anti-Nephi-Lehies or Ammonites. Anti many be a reflex of the Egyptian nty "he of, the one of." Thus, Anti-Nephi-Lehi may mean "the one of Nephi and Lehi." (Ricks, BMRC, 67)

Anti → "combination, face to face, meeting"; Adam-ondi-Ahman; Latin ante means "standing in front of a person and facing him." Greek anti. Anti-Christ pretends to be or take the place of Christ (Nibley, TBM 2:404-405)

"Anti-Nephi-Lehi means Nephi brought face to face, or joined together with the other descendants of Lehi" (Nibley, TBM 2:428)

"Anti-Christ "confronted Christ face to face and claimed to be him." False Christ (Nibley, TBM 2:428)

# 3. What is an Anti-Christ?

<sup>6</sup> [Korihor] was Anti-Christ, for he began to preach unto the people against the prophecies which had been spoken by the prophets, concerning the coming of Christ. (Alma 30:6)

# Who else was an Anti-Christ?

**Sherem**: priests should keep law of Moses, no Christ, man can't know future (Jac 7).

**Nehor**: priests should be paid, all saved, no Christ (Alma 1)

## What is an Anti-Christ in our day?

In our day we would speak of an anti-Christ as one who denies the divine birth of Jesus; who downplays the significance of his teachings; who claims that Jesus' sufferings, death, and resurrection have no significance for mankind. Many in this dispensation have been seduced into the damnable heresy that Jesus was merely a good man, a brilliant speaker, and a loving and tender example of mercy and forgiveness--these things alone. The restored gospel--especially as made known through the Book of Mormon--testifies that Jesus Christ was and is divine, that he is God." (McConkie and Millet, *Doctrinal Commentary on the Book of Mormon*, 3:201)

# 4. Laws against a man's acts, not his beliefs

<sup>7</sup> There was <u>no law against a man's belief</u>; for it was strictly contrary to the commands of God that there should be a law which should bring men on to <u>unequal grounds</u>. ... <sup>9</sup> If a man ... believed in God it was his privilege to serve him; but if he did not believe in him there was <u>no law to punish him</u>. <sup>10</sup> But if he **murdered** he was punished unto death; and if he **robbed** ... **stole** ... [or] committed **adultery** he was also punished. ... <sup>11</sup> Nevertheless, there was no law against a man's belief; therefore, a man was <u>punished only for the crimes</u> which he had done; therefore all men were on <u>equal grounds</u>. (Alma 30:7–11)

<sup>17</sup> Nevertheless, they [priestcraft-Nehorites] durst not lie, ... for fear of the law, for <u>liars</u> were punished; therefore they pretended to preach according to their belief; and now the law could have no power on any man for his belief. (Al 1:17)

[Q] Brigham Young taught that even in the Millennium, when all shall bow before Christ and accept him as King, people will still be allowed to have agency and choose how they wish to worship: "They will ask, 'If I bow the knee and confess that he is that Saviour, the Christ, to the glory of the Father, will you let me go home and be a Presbyterian?' 'Yes.' 'And not persecute me?' 'Never.' 'Won't you let me go home and belong to the Greek Church?' 'Yes.' 'Will you allow me to be a Friend Quaker, or a Shaking Quaker?' 'O yes, anything you wish to be, but remember that you must not persecute your neighbors, but must mind your own business, and let your neighbors alone, and let them worship the sun, moon, a white dog, or anything else they please, being mindful that every knee has got to bow and every tongue confess. When you have paid this tribute to the Most High, who created you and preserves you, you may then go and worship ... or do what you please, if you do not infringe upon your neighbors." (JD 2:317).

[Q] Brigham Young taught that the kingdom of God will be the means of protecting this freedom of worship (*JD* 6:344–45).

# 5. What and how did Korihor teach?

- a. There should be no Christ Anti-Christian
- b. ye are <u>bound</u> down under a foolish and a vain hope, why do ye <u>yoke</u> yourselves with such foolish things? *Negativism*
- c. no man can know of anything which is to come Agnostic
- d. prophecies are foolish traditions of your fathers
- e. How do ye know of their surety? Behold, ye <u>cannot know of</u> things which ye do not see *Empiricism*
- f. Therefore, ye cannot know that there shall be a Christ.
- g. Ye look forward [to] a remission of your sins. But behold, it is the effect of a frenzied mind; *Psychological Explanation*
- h. this derangement of your minds comes because of the traditions of your fathers, which lead you away into a belief of things which are not so."

  Positivism
- i. there could be no atonement made for the sins of men,
- j. every man fared in this life according to the management of the creature;
   Sophism
- k. every man prospered according to his genius, *Naturalism*
- l. every man conquered according to his strength; **Egosim**
- m. whatsoever a man did was no crime. **Relativism**
- n. lift up their heads in their wickedness *Hedonism*
- o. when a man was <u>dead</u>, that was <u>the end</u> thereof *Nihilism*
- p. <u>priests usurp power</u> and authority over people *Anti-religion*
- q. <u>ye do not know</u> that prophecies are true *Skepticism*
- r. God is a being who never has been seen or known, who never was nor ever will be.

  \*Atheism\*

"Korihors are articulate and carry with them an air of sophistication. They thrive on controversy, debate, and contention, yet inevitably their popularity rests in their appeal to the carnal nature of man." (Millet & McConkie, *Sustaining and Defending the Faith*, 96)

# 6. Why is Korihor relevant to us?

**[Q] Ezra Taft Benson:** The Book of Mormon exposes the enemies of Christ. It confounds false doctrines and lays down contention. (See 2 Ne 3:12.) It fortifies the humble followers of Christ against the evil designs, strategies, and doctrines of the devil in our day. The <u>type of apostates</u> in the Book of Mormon is similar to the type we have today. God, with his infinite foreknowledge, so molded the Book of Mormon that we might see the error and know how to combat <u>false educational</u>, political, religious, and philosophical concepts of our time. (*Ensign*, May. 1975, 64; Jan 1988)

"Korihor took ... a philosophical approach to destroying faith in our Savior, an approach remarkably similar to that taken by many persons today in semiphilosophical attempts to 'relieve' believers of what they are pleased to call their 'naivete.' His arguments could not hurt those whose belief was born of genuine spiritual experience, but they were powerfully effective among those weak in the faith whose belief had not yet gone beyond words. An analysis of those arguments helps us to see how we can be strong in the faith in Christ." (CC Riddle, *Ensign*, Sep 1977, 18)

**7.** How was Korihor received in Zarahemla? (Alma 30) Korihor did lead <sup>18</sup> "away the hearts of many, causing them to lift up their heads in their wickedness, yea, <u>leading away many</u> women, and also men, to <u>commit whoredoms</u>—telling them that when a man was dead, that was the end thereof."

People believe because he taught of sin without consequences

**8. What happened to Korihor in Jershon?** (Alma 30) The Anti-Nephi-Lehies <sup>20</sup> "were more wise than many of the Nephites; for they took him, and bound him, and carried him before Ammon, who was a high priest over that people. And ... <sup>21</sup> he caused that he should be carried out of the land."

Why did they bind him if no law against a man's beliefs? Ammon could **only** deport. He could not punish.

# 9. What happened to Korihor in Gideon?

In Gideon "he was ... <u>bound</u> and carried before the high priest, and also the chief judge over the land. ... When the high priest and the chief judge saw the hardness of his heart, yea, ... that he would <u>revile even against God</u>, they would not make any reply to his words; but they caused that he should be <u>bound</u>; and they delivered him ... [to] the <u>officers</u>, and sent him to ... Zarahemla, that he might be brought before <u>Alma</u>, and the <u>chief judge</u> who was governor over all the land." (Alma 30:21–29)

**[Q] Joseph:** Avoid contentions and vain disputes with men of corrupt minds, who do not desire to know the truth. Remember that 'it is a day of warning, and not a day of many words.' If they receive not your testimony in one place, flee to another, remembering to cast no reflections, nor throw out any bitter sayings. If you do your duty, it will be just as well with you, as though all men embraced the Gospel. (*TPJS*, 43 added)

**10.** What happened when Korihor met with Alma? Korihor "did go on in the same manner as he did in the land of Gideon; yea, he went on to <u>blaspheme</u>." (Alma 30:30)

**Blasphemy** included insolent or seditious speech against God, king, man, holy places or things, including the law. (JWW) One who blasphemed was put to death (Ex 20:7; Lev 24:10–16).

<sup>31</sup>And he did rise up in great swelling words before Alma, and did revile against the priests and teachers, accusing them of leading away the people after the silly traditions of their fathers, for the sake of glutting on the labors of the people.

False accusation: priests make money (Priestcraft)

How did Alma support himself?

Labor with own hands, paid as a judge

11. Belief in God (Alma 30)

**Alma**: <sup>37</sup> Believest thou that there is a God?

Korihor: 38 Nay. ...

Alma: <sup>39</sup> I know there is a God, and also that Christ shall come. <sup>40</sup> ... What evidence have ye that there is no God, or that Christ cometh not? ... ye have none, save it be your word only. <sup>41</sup> But, behold, I have all things as a testimony that these things are true.

Absence of evidence is not evidence of absence.

Korihor has no empirical evidence for his position.

Gerald N. Lund: Korihor will consider only evidence that can be gathered through the senses. In such a system, it is much easier to prove there <u>is</u> a God than to prove there is not a God. To prove there is a God, all it takes is for one person to see, hear, or otherwise have an experience with God, and thereafter the existence of God cannot be disproved. But here is what it would take to <u>prove</u> there is no God. ... For Korihor to say that there is no God, based on the very criteria he himself has established, he would have to perceive every cubic meter of the universe simultaneously. This creates a paradox: ... For Korihor to prove there is no God, <u>he would have to be a god</u> himself! Therefore, in declaring there is no God, he is acting on 'faith,' the very thing for which he so sharply derides the religious leaders! (*Ensign*, July 1992, 16)

# 12. "Show me a sign"

SOED sign to distinguish enemies: sign, word, token

[Q] Joseph: I will give you one of the Keys of the mysteries of the Kingdom. It is an eternal principle, that has existed with God from all eternity: That man who rises up to condemn others, finding fault with the Church, saying that they are out of the way, while he himself is righteous, then know assuredly, that that man is in the high road to apostasy; and if he does not repent, will apostatize, as God lives. The principle is as correct as the one that Jesus put forth in saying that he who seeketh a sign is an adulterous person; and that principal is eternal, undeviating, and firm as the pillars of heaven; for whenever you see a man seeking after a sign, you may set it down that he is an adulterous man. (TPJS, 156–57)

Alma: <sup>44</sup> Will ye say, Show unto me a <u>sign</u>, when ye have the <u>testimony</u> of all these thy brethren, and also all the <u>holy prophets</u>? The <u>scriptures</u> are laid before thee, yea, and <u>all things denote there is a God</u>; yea, even the <u>earth</u>, and all things that are <u>upon the face of it</u>, yea, and its <u>motion</u>, yea, and also all the <u>planets</u> which move in their regular form do witness that there is a Supreme Creator.

**Ronald Reagan**: Sometimes when I'm faced with an atheist, I am tempted to invite him to the greatest gourmet dinner that one could ever serve, and when we have finished eating that magnificent dinner, to ask him if he believes there's a cook. (*Quote Book #4*, compiled by James H. Patterson, 5)

**Albert Einstein:** The harmony of natural law reveals an intelligence of such superiority that compared with it all the systematic thinking and acting of human beings is an utterly insignificant reflection. ("Search for Truth" 7)

**Recommended DVD:** *The Privileged Planet* (www.theprivilegedplanet.com/; www.amazon.com)

After we watched this fascinating DVD, we too felt that the planets "do witness that there is a Supreme Creator." "Extensive computer animation ... illustrates the structure and operation of the Milky Way galaxy, black holes, solar eclipses, planetary magnetic fields, and our own solar system. A highlight of the documentary is a journey from Earth to the edge of the known universe." "Today, most scientists and philosophers claim that Earth is an ordinary speck of dust adrift, without purpose or significance, in a vast cosmic sea. ... Yet, remarkable evidence —unveiled by contemporary astronomy and physics—may now tell a very different story. ... This hourlong documentary explores the scientific evidence for intelligent design and purpose in the universe. In the process, Earth is revealed as far more than the product of time, chance, and random natural processes. We now know that a rare and finely tuned array of factors makes Earth suitable for complex life. We depend on our planet's oxygen-rich atmosphere, its large moon, its planetary neighbors, and its precise location within the solar system and Milky Way galaxy. ... The same factors that make a planet like Earth hospitable to life also provide the best conditions for scientific discovery. ... Through stunning computer animation, interviews with leading scientists, and spectacular images of Earth and the cosmos, *The* Privileged Planet explores a startling connection between our capacity to survive and our ability to observe and understand the universe. A connection that points directly to the work of a creative mind and plan."

<sup>48</sup> Korihor said unto him: I do not deny the existence of a God, but I do not believe that there is a God; ... and except ye show me a sign, I will not believe.

## What sign did Korihor receive?

George A. Smith: I recollect a Campbellite preacher who came to **Joseph Smith** ... and said that he had come a considerable distance to be convinced of the truth. 'Why,' said he, 'Mr. Smith, I want to know the truth, and when I am convinced, I will spend all my talents and time defending and spreading the doctrines of your religion, and I will give you to understand that to convince me is equivalent to convincing all my society, amounting to several hundreds.' Well, Joseph commenced laying before him the coming forth of the work, and the first principles of the Gospel, when [the minister] exclaimed, 'O this is not the evidence I want, the evidence that I wish to have is a notable miracle; I want to see some powerful manifestation of the power of God, I want to see a notable miracle performed; and if you perform such a one, then I will believe with all my heart and soul, and will exert all my power and all my extensive influence to convince others; and if you will not perform a miracle of this kind, then I am your worst and bitterest enemy.' 'Well,' said Joseph, 'what will you have done? Will you be struck blind, or dumb? Will you be paralyzed, or will you have one hand withered? Take your choice, choose which you please, and in the name of the Lord Jesus Christ it shall be done.' 'That is not the kind of miracle I want,' said the preacher. 'Then, sir,' replied Joseph, 'I can perform none, I am

not going to bring any trouble upon anybody else, sir, to convince you.' (*Journal of Discourses*, 1855, vol. 2, p. 326).

# 13. Korihor's Confession

Korihor wrote: <sup>52</sup> I always knew that there was a God. 53 But ... the **devil** hath deceived me; for he <u>appeared unto me in the form of an **angel**</u>, and said ... Go and reclaim this people, for they have all gone astray after <u>an unknown God</u> Christ. And he said unto me: There is <u>no God</u>; yea, and he taught me that which I should say. And I have taught his words ... because they were <u>pleasing unto the carnal mind</u>; and ... I had much success, insomuch that I verily believed that they were true.

#### What was pleasing to the carnal mind?

# 14. How did the Zoramites worship God? (Alma 31)

<sup>12</sup> The Zoramites had built <u>synagogues</u>, and that they did gather themselves together on <u>one day of the week</u>, which day they did call the day of the Lord; and they did worship after a manner which Alma and his brethren had never beheld. (31:12)

# How did the Zoramites worship God each week?

- a. Standing place high above the head for only one at a time.
- b. and stretch forth his hands towards heaven,
  This is a *Hallel* (praise, "to greet the new moon") gesture used by Jews. *Hallelujah* = praise ye the Lord.
- c. Thou hast elected us to be thy holy children
- d. Thou art a spirit and will be a spirit forever
- e. No Christ
- f. Others believe in foolish and childish traditions
- g. We shall be saved while all others will be cast down to hell.
- h. Each man offered the same prayers.

Vain repetitions by different people in same meeting

- i. They returned home, and did not speak of God Neal A. Maxwell: True Christian soldiers are more than weekend warriors. (*Ensign*, Nov. 1996, 22)
- j. Bowing down to dumb idols, hearts set on gold, pride, costly apparel, oppressing the poor

Which of these beliefs are common in our time?

## 15. How is this relevant to us?

[The Zoramites] <sup>9</sup> had fallen into great errors, for they would <u>not observe to keep the commandments</u> of God ... according to the law of Moses. <sup>10</sup> Neither would they observe the <u>performances of the church</u>, to continue in <u>prayer and supplication to God daily</u>, that they might <u>not enter into temptation</u>. (Al 31:9–10)

Religion	Nehorites/Amalekites	Zoramites
Theology		
Morality		
Ritual	synagogues	synagogues, idols

These groups were Nephites who fell into "great errors."

## When a person apostatizes, what changes first?

- a. **Theology**: beliefs about God, spirits, heaven, hell, ...
- b. Morality: beliefs and actions related to good and evil, or
- c. **Rituals**: public and private religious practices (e.g., church, temple, sacrament; personal study and prayer)

As these verses about the Zoramites show, <u>morality</u> changes first. A person starts doing what pleases the carnal mind and stops keeping the commandments of God. He also stops the <u>daily "performances" or private rituals</u> of personal prayer and scripture study. When a person came before a priesthood council for possible excommunication, a friend would ask him how long it had been since he had personal prayer and scripture study. The answer was six or more months. Once a person stops

seeking to know and do God's will, his <u>theology</u> changes so he believes in a God who accepts his actions. <u>Public rituals</u> change little, but often have new meaning. One can continue going to church or synagogue each week and offering public prayers. True temple practices and symbols can still be recognized among many religious groups (e.g., Jews, Christians) long after prophets are taken away.

## **16. What did Alma and his friends do?** (Alma 31)

<sup>5</sup> As the <u>preaching of the word</u> had a great tendency to lead the people to do that which was just—yea, it had had <u>more powerful</u> effect upon the minds of the people than the <u>sword</u>, or anything else, which had happened unto them—therefore Alma thought it was expedient that they should try the <u>virtue</u> of the word of God.

The Word is the <u>two-edged sword</u> in the armor of God. The rest of the armor was for defense to protect the body.

**[Q] Boyd K. Packer:** True doctrine, understood, changes attitudes and behavior. The study of the doctrines of the gospel will improve behavior quicker than a study of behavior will improve behavior. (*Ensign*, Nov. 1986)

SOED *virtue*: **5.a.** Superiority or excellence, unusual ability, merit, or distinction, in some respect. **†6.a.** Physical strength, force, or energy. *Obs.* (*c1500 He..smote Zelodius vpon his helmet, by suche strengthe & vertue that he made hym to enclyne vpon his hors neck.)* 

Jesus asked who touched him "For I perceive that virtue (*dynamin* or *power*) is gone out of me (Lk 8:46)

δύναμις, dýnamis: force (literally or figuratively); specifically miraculous power (usually by implication a miracle itself)

Alma's Prayer: <sup>31</sup> O Lord, wilt thou grant unto me that I may have <u>strength</u>, that I may <u>suffer with patience</u> these afflictions which shall come upon me, because of the iniquity of this people. <sup>32</sup> O Lord, wilt thou <u>comfort</u> my soul, and give unto me <u>success</u>, and also my fellow laborers who are with me. ... <sup>35</sup> Behold, O Lord, <u>their souls are precious</u>, and many of them are our brethren; therefore, give unto us, O Lord, <u>power</u> and <u>wisdom</u> that we may bring these, our brethren, again unto thee.

# Contrast Alma's prayer with that of the Zoramites.

<sup>36</sup> When Alma had said these words, that he <u>clapped</u> his hands upon all them who were with him. And behold, as he clapped his hands upon them, they were filled with the Holy Spirit.

**Nibley:** "To *clap* means to put your hands firmly on something. ... He put his hands firmly on their heads when he set them apart." (TBM 2:435)

## 17. Religion and Philosophy ask the same questions

Religion	Philosophy	Key Questions
Theology	Metaphysics	What is nature of unseen world?
Morality	Ethics	What is good or right?
Rituals	Epistemology	How do we know?

**Recommended book**: *THiNK INDEPENDENTLY: How to Think in This World but Not Think With It* by Chauncey C. Riddle (retired BYU philosophy teacher). At <a href="https://www.sviewp.com">www.sviewp.com</a> you can read book contents or excerpts, and his published articles.

"For several years I had the privilege of helping Chauncey teach a BYU Honors philosophy course. He discussed three key questions of both philosophy and religion: How do we know? What is the nature of God, man and the universe? and What is good or right? He then contrasted the basic answers of philosophers with those of the restored gospel of Jesus Christ. The students and I gained a greater understanding of, appreciation for, and testimony of the gospel. This book introduces readers to the questions and answers Chauncey discussed in class. These ideas significantly improved my thinking and my life. Now I can share these ideas more easily with family and friends." — Monte F. Shelley

# What is the purpose of gospel rituals and ordinances?

Rituals and ordinances transfer to a person the heart, mind, strength, and might or power of God. In a sense, they heal our thoughts, feelings, desires, and body so we become more like Christ and can be trusted with the power of God. As one puts off the natural man and becomes a saint, he becomes worthy to receive more help at the veil and to enter into God's presence like Nephi, Jacob, the brother of Jared, and others who received the Second Comforter. One comes unto Christ and becomes like him through gospel ordinances and rituals.

<sup>1</sup> Thus saith the Lord: It shall come to pass that every soul who forsaketh his sins and cometh unto me, and calleth on my name, and obeyeth my voice, and keepeth my commandments, shall see my face and know that I am. ... <sup>28</sup> He that keepeth his commandments receiveth truth and light, until he is glorified in truth and knoweth all things. (D&C 93:1, 28)

**Joseph:** <sup>73</sup> Immediately ... after we had been <u>baptized</u>, ...the <u>Holy Ghost</u> fell upon [Oliver], and he... <u>prophesied</u> many things.... I prophesied... many other things .... We were filled with the Holy Ghost.... <sup>74</sup> Our <u>minds</u> being now <u>enlightened</u>, we began to have the scriptures laid open to our understandings, and the true meaning and intention of their more mysterious passages revealed unto us in a manner which we never could attain to previously, nor ever before had thought of. (JS—H 1:73)

**Joseph:** God hath not revealed anything to Joseph, but what He will make known unto the Twelve, and even the least Saint may know all things as fast as he is able to bear them, for the day must come when no man need say to his neighbor, Know ye that Lord; for all shall know Him (who remain) from the least to the greatest [Heb 8:11; Jer 31:34]. How is this to be done? It is to be done by this sealing power, and the other Comforter spoken of, which will be manifest by revelation. (TPJS 149)

# 18. Ways of Knowing (Epistemology)

LDS and non-LDS philosophers have identified the following ways of knowing.

- a. Authoritarianism: people I trust say it is true
- b. Rationalism: it agrees with or can be deduced from my beliefs
- c. Empiricism: I can observe it with my "five" physical senses
- d. Statistical Empiricism: statistically analyze many observations
- e. Pragmatism: it works (for me)
- f. Skepticism: reject ideas with insufficient or contrary evidence
- g. Mysticism: substitute feeling for thinking
- h. Know good and evil: all sense (conscience) and choose between
- i. Personal revelation: idea, prompting, feeling from God or Satan

# Which ways of knowing did Korihor accept and teach?

Korihor believed angel (authority or revelation), taught words pleasing to the carnal mind, and had much success (pragmatism). He had to see to believe (signs, empiricism).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>38</sup> And the Lord provided for them that they should hunger not, neither should they thirst; yea, and he also gave them strength, that they should suffer no manner of afflictions, save it were swallowed up in the joy of Christ. Now this was according to the prayer of Alma; and this because he prayed in faith.

# Korihor rejected priests (authority), reasoning from scriptures, joy of believers (pragmatism), and revelations of others.

Words that are pleasing to the carnal mind are easily believed with little or no support. People tend to believe what they want to believe, but are skeptical of things they don't want to believe. Our desires may determine our beliefs, not evidence or logic.

Seen (physics)	Unseen (metaphysics)
a. Observable data (evidence)	c. Assumptions (principle)
b. Observable pattern (law)	d. Explanation (theory)

Edison tried experiments until something worked (pragmatism). Einstein did imaginary or thought experiments to develop theories. Scientists emphasize empirical data, but use reasoning to develop theories based on unempirical assumptions or "articles of faith." For example, we can (a) observe things fall to the ground, (b) notice patterns like how fast a thing goes depends on how far it falls, and (c) use our assumptions to (d) explain the observable patterns with our theory of gravity. Newton and Einstein developed different theories. Those who assume no God or spirits develop different theories than those who believe in God.

## 19. Alternate Book of Mormon tests (ALR)

If we contrast what philosophers might have said with what Moroni said, we gain a better understanding of and appreciation for Moroni's promise. The following examples illustrate several ways of knowing mentioned above.

**Authority:** When you have been shown or told these things, I would exhort you to <u>examine who said them</u>. And if they have been spoken by a true authority or are completely consistent with everything other true authorities have spoken, then believe that they are true. And everything spoken by true authorities should be accepted without asking any further questions or having further doubts.

**Rational:** When you have read or thought of these things, I would suggest that you <u>consider if it can be proven true</u>. And if you can begin from undoubtable intuitions, adhering precisely to the principles of logic and mathematics, you can test to see if it is true. And if it is either a self-evident principle or a principle logically derived from other self-evident principles, then you can be assured that it is indeed true.

**Empirical**: When you shall observe these things, I would exhort you to remain tentative. And if you will <u>design an experiment</u>, with an objective mind, attempting to control every possible chance of bias, you can test to see if it is false. And if it fails to survive an adequately designed empirical test, you can know that a hypothesis is not true. You may not know that any hypothesis is absolutely true, but you can tell if it is more or less confirmed by experience through proper observation and experiment.

**Pragmatic:** After you have tried these things, I would urge that you <u>observe very closely their consequences</u>, to see if they bring <u>about desired results</u>. Don't worry whether or not they are ultimately true or not true, ask only if they work or are useful. And if they allow you to have greater control over you environment or are in some other way useful, you will know that they work and are practical for continued use, but you may need to change your opinion at any time in the future.

**Moroni's Promise:** And when ye shall receive these things, I would exhort you that ye would <u>ask God</u>, in the name of Christ if these things are not true; and if ye shall ask with a sincere heart with real intent, having faith in Christ, he will manifest the truth

of it unto you by the power of the Holy Ghost. And by the power of the Holy Ghost, ye may know the truth of all things. (Moro 10:4)

#### 20. Questions

- a. Could a 23 year old man have written the Book of Mormon?
- b. How do these things apply to me now in my circumstances?
- c. Are these things true? (read, remember, ponder, ask sincerely)
- <sup>3</sup> When ye shall read these things ... remember how merciful the Lord hath been ... and ponder it in your hearts. <sup>4</sup> And ... ask God ... in the name of Christ, if these things are not true; and if ye shall ask with a sincere heart, with real intent, having faith in Christ, he will manifest the truth of it unto you, by the power of the Holy Ghost." (Moro. 10:3–4)
- d. As I am reading these chapters, how do I feel?
- e. Do they invite and entice me to love God, believe in Christ, and do good?

# 21. How do we respond to modern Korihors?

Modern Korihors teach or write words that are pleasing to the carnal mind, and find fault with doctrines and church leaders.

Ezra Taft Benson: There are some who, for the time being at least, are members of the Church but not in harmony with it. ... The Lord has told us of the tares within the wheat that will eventually be hewn down when they are fully ripe. ... "The ravening wolves are amongst us, from our own membership, and they, more than any others, are clothed in sheep's clothing because they wear the habiliments of the priesthood." ... The wolves amongst our flock are more numerous and devious today. ... "The Church is little, if at all, injured by persecution and calumnies from ignorant, misinformed or malicious enemies. A greater hindrance to its progress comes from faultfinders, shirkers, commandment-breakers, and apostate cliques within its own ecclesiastical and quorum groups." (Era, Dec 1967; CR Oct 1967)

M. Russell Ballard: There are "false prophets" rising within and without the Church. They believe they have had revelations, that they know something the First Presidency and the Twelve Apostles don't know. We need to be very careful of such people. ... The Savior said that in the last days even the very elect could be pulled away from the truth by such false prophets. (*Ensign*, Dec 1996, 56)

See my D&C lesson #24, "Beware lest you are deceived," for more ideas related to this topic.

**Joseph**: That man who rises up to <u>condemn others</u>, <u>finding fault</u> with the Church, saying that they are out of the way, while he himself is righteous, then know assuredly, that that man is in the high road to apostasy; and if he does not repent, will apostatize, as God lives. ... The very step of apostasy commenced with losing confidence in the leaders of this church and kingdom, and that whenever you discerned that spirit you might know that it would lead the possessor of it on the road to apostasy. (TPC:JS, 315)

**Joseph**: The <u>devil flatters us</u> that we are very righteous, when we are feeding on the faults of others. (HC 5:24)

I advise young ladies to run from a young man who says he received a revelation that she is to be his wife. Such a revelation should guide his actions and not be used to make her feel that rejecting him is rejecting God.

Likewise, I am very skeptical of fault finders who claim to have received revelations or to have seen Christ. Early church history has examples of men, like Oliver Cowdery and Sidney Rigdon, who had visions and saw angels or Christ. Their experiences did not (a) prevent them from finding fault with Joseph and apostatizing, or (b) guarantee that their future teachings would be true. Other people had "revelations" like Korihor that caused them to lead others astray. One's claim to revelation is not sufficient evidence for us to believe or follow him especially when he begins to "condemn others." We have been warned that false prophets and anti-Christs will appear. Like any investigator, we are entitled to seek and receive a second witness from the spirit to know which, if any, teachings of another invite and entice us to do good, and to love and serve both God and neighbor (see Moro 7:13).

# 22. Give the Lord equal time

**M. Russell Ballard:** One of my fine missionaries who served with me when I was the mission president in Toronto came to see me some years later. ...

He said, "... For the first time I have <u>read some anti-Mormon</u> <u>literature</u>. ... I have some questions, and nobody will answer them for me. I am confused, and I think I am losing my testimony." ...

His questions ... were the standard anti-Church issues, but I wanted a little time to gather materials so I could provide meaningful answers. So we set up an appointment 10 days later ... [to] answer ... his questions. As he started to leave, I stopped him.

"Elder, ... <u>How long has it been since you read from the Book of Mormon</u>?" His eyes dropped. He looked at the floor for a while. ... "It's been a long time, President." ...

"You have given me my assignment. It's only fair that I give you yours. ... Read in the Book of Mormon for at least one hour every day between now and our next appointment." He agreed. ...

Ten days later he returned to my office, and I was ready. I pulled out my papers to start answering his questions, but he stopped me. "President," he said, "that isn't going to be necessary. ... I know that the Book of Mormon is true. I know Joseph Smith is a prophet of God."

"Well, that's great," I said. "But you're going to get answers to your questions anyway. I worked a long time on this, so you just sit there and listen." And so I answered all his questions and then asked, "Elder, what have you learned from this?"

And he said, "Give the Lord equal time."

May we engrave that thought on our minds and carry it with us as we walk through this process of mortality. Let us give the Lord equal time. Let us give Him His due share of our thoughts, our time, our talents, and our attention. I know that we are all very busy. There are many demands for our attention, and our time is limited by a wide variety of constraints. But as we learn to manage our time, let us be sure that we give the Lord His portion.

Establish a time and place to study the scriptures on a daily basis, even if it is only for a few minutes at a time. Pray regularly. Serve faithfully in whatever capacity you are called to serve in, including home and visiting teaching, which is the very essence of gospel service. Hold weekly, meaningful family home evenings. ("When Shall These Things Be?", "Ensign, Dec 1996, 56)

# **Conclusion**

# Leave enough time for conclusion!

Discuss some of the underlined parts of some warnings about modern Korihors (item #21 above).

# Share Elder Ballard's story (item #22 above) about giving the Lord equal time.

#### Quotes

**Brigham Young** taught that in the *Millennium*, when all shall bow before Christ and accept him as King, people will still be allowed to have agency and choose how they wish to worship. "They will ask, 'If I bow the knee and confess that he is that Saviour, the Christ, to the glory of the Father, will you let me go home and be a Presbyterian?' 'Yes.' 'And not persecute me?' 'Never.' 'Won't you let me go home and belong to the Greek Church?' 'Yes.' 'Will you allow me to be a Friend Quaker, or a Shaking Quaker?' 'O yes, anything you wish to be, but remember that you must not persecute your neighbors, but must mind your own business, and let your neighbors alone, and let them worship the sun, moon, a white dog, or anything else they please, being mindful that every knee has got to bow and every tongue confess. When you have paid this tribute to the Most High, who created you and preserves you, you may then go and worship what you please, or do what you please, if you do not infringe upon your neighbors." (Journal of Discourses, 2:317).

Brigham Young also taught that the kingdom of God will be the means of protecting this freedom of worship (*JD*, 6:344–45).

**Joseph:** Avoid contentions and vain disputes with men of corrupt minds, who do not desire to know the truth. Remember that 'it is a day of warning, and not a day of many words.' If they receive not your testimony in one place, flee to another, remembering to cast no reflections, nor throw out any bitter sayings. If you do your duty, it will be just as well with you, as though all men embraced the Gospel. (*TPJS*, 43)

**Ezra Taft Benson:** The Book of Mormon exposes the enemies of Christ. It confounds false doctrines and lays down contention. (See 2 Ne 3:12.) It fortifies the humble followers of Christ against the evil designs, strategies, and doctrines of the devil in our day. The type of apostates in the Book of Mormon is similar to the type we have today. God, with his infinite foreknowledge, so molded the Book of Mormon that we might see the error and know how to combat false educational, political, religious, and philosophical concepts of our time. (*Ensign*, May. 1975, 64; Jan 1988)

**Joseph:** I will give you one of the Keys of the mysteries of the Kingdom. It is an eternal principle, that has existed with God from all eternity: That man who rises up to <u>condemn others</u>, <u>finding fault</u> with the Church, saying that they are out of the way, while he himself is righteous, then know assuredly, that that man is in the high road to apostasy; and if he does not repent, will apostatize, as God lives. The principle is as correct as the one that Jesus put forth in saying that he who seeketh a sign is an adulterous person; and that principal is eternal, undeviating, and firm as the pillars of heaven; for whenever you see a man seeking after a sign, you may set it down that he is an adulterous man. (*TPJS*, 156–57).

**Boyd K. Packer:** True doctrine, understood, changes attitudes and behavior. The study of the doctrines of the gospel will improve behavior quicker than a study of behavior will improve behavior. (*Ensign*, Nov. 1986)

**NOTE:** The yellow shading shows what is NOT on the handout that I use in class. The handout makes it possible to share information while only briefly referring to it in class. The handout and any other supplements for the lesson are at www.sviewp.com.

Sources:

- CCR = Chauncey C. Riddle, "Korihor: The Arguments of Apostasy," *Ensign*, Sep 1977, 18
- ALR = handout by A. LeGrand (Buddy) Richards, BYU professor
- JWW = John W. Welch, Pressing Forward with the Book of Mormon, 84–86

**GENERAL** 

- BMRC = Dennis Largey, Book of Mormon Reference Companion
- TBM = Hugh Nibley, *Teachings of the Book of Mormon*, 4 vols.
- OM = Original Manuscript
- PM = Printer's Manuscript
- LDS View = This computer program with the scriptures in 11 languages was previously sold in the Church Distribution Center as Scriptures on CDM. It can now be downloaded with the scriptures in up to 30 languages (http://ldsview.byu.edu). At http://WordCruncher.com, you can download WordCruncher and Webster's 1844 Dictionary (2<sup>nd</sup> Edition). If LDS View was downloaded first, WordCruncher will let you see the English scriptures and when you click on an English word, you can see Webster's 1844 definition.
- Other Bible Translations are at http://www.blueletterbible.org/

# BAJA model

• Baja = www.achoiceland.com

#### MESOAMERICAN model

- Sorenson = John L. Sorenson, An Ancient American Setting for the Book of Mormon.
- Reexploring = John W. Welch, ed., Reexploring the Book of Mormon, http://mi.byu.edu
- Poulsen = bomgeography.poulsenll.org/bomdirections.html

#### **Hebraisms**

- Par-Heb = Donald W. Parry, "Hebraisms and Other Ancient Peculiarities," http://mi.byu.edu
- Tved-Heb = John Tvedtnes, "The Hebrew Background of the Book of Mormon," chapter 8 in *Rediscovering the Book of* Mormon; <a href="http://mi.byu.edu">http://mi.byu.edu</a>

#### Other sources

- BD = *Bible Dictionary* (in English LDS Scriptures).
- GS = *Guide to the Scriptures* (in electronic LDS Scriptures)
- I-BofM = New Testament Institute manual, *The Life and Teachings of Jesus & his Apostles*, institute.lds.org
- KJV King James Version of the Bible.
- NIV = New International Version of the Bible
- TPJS = Teachings of the Prophet Joseph Smith
- *SOED* = Shorter Oxford English Dictionary
- *OED* = Oxford English Dictionary
- BDB = Brown, Driver, Briggs Hebrew and English Lexicon
- Bauer = Walter Bauer, Greek English Lexicon of the New Testament
- EJ = Encyclopedia Judaica
- Rona = Daniel Rona, www.israelrevealed.com/comp-sup-r.htm,
- MM = Meridian Magazine, Gospel Doctrine, www.ldsmag.com

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 www.gospeldoctrine.com